What should you do if a patient presents with a tick attached?

- Don't panic! While ticks can carry disease such as Lyme, which in recent years has become endemic in our region, ticks can neither jump nor fly. If a patient presents with a tick attached, simply remove as soon as possible & follow with appropriate hand hygiene.
- Removal: Grasp the tick using clean, fine-tipped tweezers. Pull upward with even pressure (avoid crushing/twisting/jerking/heat) to prevent tick mouth-part detachment. Place tick in alcohol pad & dispose in general trash. Thoroughly clean bite area with alcohol pad or soap/water. Follow with hand hygiene.
- Treatment: At this time, antibiotic prophylaxis is not recommended. Recommend seeking medical attention if rash or fever develops within several (4-5) weeks of removal.
- Managing patient: Standard precautions apply. Emphasis on Hand Hygiene.
- Environment Cleaning: Standard cleaning products & practices apply.

For additional concerns, please reach out at: infectionpreventionprogram@cchmc.org





